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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/831,422	07/24/2001	Jean Paul Remon	522-1741	4232	
759	90 01/29/2003				
Lee Mann Smith McWilliams Sweeney & Ohlson			EXAMINER		
PO Box 2786 Chicago, IL 60	690-2786	JOYNES, ROBERT M			
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			1615	<u> </u>	
		DATE MAILED: 01/29/2003			

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application	ı No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		09/831,422	2	REMON, JEAN PAUL				
		Examiner		Art Unit				
		Robert M.		1615				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply								
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status								
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>07 November 2002</u> .							
2a) <u></u> □	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ Thi	is action is r	on-final.					
3)	3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the ments is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposition of Claims								
4)⊠	4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>39-46</u> is/are pending in the application.							
4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>1-38</u> is/are withdrawn from consideration.								
5)	Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>39-46</u> is/are rejected.							
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
•	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election re	quirement.					
· · · _	ion Papers							
·	The specification is objected to by the Examiner							
10)[The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accep	,	•					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).								
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) approved b) disapproved by the Examiner.								
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.								
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.								
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120								
13)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).								
a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:								
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 								
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).								
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received. 15)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.								
Attachment(s)								
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)								
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) 6) Other:								

DETAILED ACTION

Receipt is acknowledged of applicant's Election dated November 7, 2002.

Election/Restrictions

Applicant's election without traverse of Group II, Claims 39-46 in Paper No. 8 is acknowledged.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 39-46 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Jang (US 4590062). Jang teaches a controlled release tablet formulation comprising an active agent and a combination of a hydrophobic cellulose derivative, a fatty acid material or a neutral lipid and a wax (Col. 3, lines 1-62). The components of the tablet are dry compressed together to produce a controlled release tablet. The active agent of the composition can be any substance when administered into the body of a human, animal, plant, soil and water is biologically active in a therapeutic sense (Col. 4, line 36 – Col. 6, line 19). The waxes of the composition have melting points from 50° to 100° C and are chosen from carnauba wax, spermaceti, beeswax, candelilla wax, esparto, and paraffin wax (Col. 3, lines 44-48; Col. 7, lines 27-41). The wax is present in the matrix composition up to 99 wt% (Col. 7, lines 27-41). Therefore, Jang anticipates all the limitations of the instant claims.

Application/Control Number: 09/831,422

Art Unit: 1615

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

Claims 39-46 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Jang (US 4590062). The teachings of Jang are discussed above. The teachings of Jang do not include a specific example of the embodiment of the instant claims. Jang does give concentration ranges of each of the components that do at least overlap with the concentration of the instant claims.

At the time the invention was made, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to vary the amount of active agent as well as the amounts of wax present in the controlled release formulation of the Jang reference. While the reference does not teach the complete concentration range, differences in concentration will not support the patentability of subject matter encompassed by the prior art unless there is evidence indicating such concentration or temperature is critical. Where the general

Application/Control Number: 09/831,422

Art Unit: 1615

conditions of a claim are disclosed in the prior art, it is not inventive to discover the optimum or workable ranges by routine experimentation. *In re Aller*, 220 F.2d 454, 105 USPQ 233, 235 (CCPA 1955).

One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to do this to prepare controlled release formulations for various active agents for humans, animals and plants, where in the amount of active agent can change the amount of wax and other excipients need for the controlled release system. Further, the amount of wax and additional ingredients will vary depending on the desired release rate or profile to be achieved. The expected result is a tablet formulation with an active agent and a wax component that achieves a controlled release profile.

Therefore, the invention as a whole would have been *prima facie* obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made.

Correspondence

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Robert M. Joynes whose telephone number is (703) 308-8869. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon.-Thurs. 8:30 - 6:00, alternate Fri. 8:30-5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Thurman K. Page can be reached on (703) 308-2927. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 305-3592 for regular communications and (703) 305-3592 for After Final communications.

Art Unit: 1615

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-1235.

Robert M. Joynes Patent Examiner Art Unit 1615 January 27, 2003

> THURMAN K. PAGE SUPERIVISORY PATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 1600